

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XXI

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1914.

NO. 22.

FIELD MEET AND FOLK DANCING AT LOCAL SCHOOLS

A field meet and features of folk dancing were exhibited by the pupils of the local schools yesterday afternoon. The students under the tutelage of Misses McDonald and Frisbee accredited themselves "very well." The semi-finals of the field meet were held Thursday under the direction of Bernard Frisbee, brother of Miss Frisbee, local teacher, and student at the University of California. A large number of local residents turned out to witness this first meet of the school. The festival program was as follows:

1. First Grade Girls. Meeting and Greeting. Chimes of Dunkirk. Shoemakers' Dance.
2. Third and Fourth Grade Girls. Danish Dance of Greeting. Beans Porridge Hot. Pop Goes the Weazel.
3. Fifth and Sixth Grade Girls. Ace of Diamonds. Oxdansen. Lady Walpole's Reel.
4. First Grade Boys. Drill, Soldier Boy.
5. Seventh and Eighth Grade Girls. Bohemian Strassock. Norwegian Mountain March. Krokovienne.
6. Second Grade Girls. Hansel and Gretel. Carrousel. Oats, Peas, Beans and Barley Grow.
7. Second Grade Boys. Game, Fox and Geese.
8. Finale march and song, "I Love You, California."

The following are the winners in the field meet:

- Third Grade—Relay—1, Mike Verna and Dino Bernacci; 2, Seman Costa and Albert Bianchini.
50 yard dash—1, Jack Quinn; 2, Adolf Corneini.
High jump—1, Edward Berriganni; 2, Seman Costa.
Broad jump—1, Jack Quinn; 2, David Solo.
Fourth Grade—Relay—1, Albert Costa, Teddy Fischer and John Wallace; 2, Willard Dukeman, George Rodoni and Harry Maule.
50 yard dash—1, Albert Costa; 2, Gustave Schmidt.
High jump—1, Albert Costa; 2, George Rodoni.
Broad jump—1, Albert Costa; 2, Vincunze Bianchini.
Fifth Grade—Relay—1, Howard Aikens and Stephen Fischer; 2, Reese Lloyd and Frank Silva.
50 yard dash—1, Ricardo Blery; 2, Stephen Fischer.
High jump—1, Henry Costa; 2, Stephen Fischer.
Broad jump—1, Howard Aikens; 2, Bruno Raffalli.
Sixth Grade—Relay—1, James Wallace and John Mirata; 2, Albert Becker and Louis Verna.
50 yard dash—1, Frank Dieu; 2, John Mirata.
High jump—1, John Mirata; 2, James Wallace.

(Continued on Page 8.)

A BUSINESS OF YOUR OWN

Somewhere in the back of your head have you the idea of owning your own business some day?

Your great need is Capital.

There are two ways you can get it, and a bank account has to do with both of them. Save and deposit money and you will accumulate part if not all of the necessary Cash.

You will also build up a Credit to add to the power of your Capital.

Bank of South San Francisco
COMMERCIAL SAVINGS

LOCAL HAPPENINGS TOLD IN BRIEF

Mrs. H. Scampini is ill at the local hospital.

Memorial Day in this city passed off quietly.

Mrs. A. Hynding has recovered from her recent ill health.

D. G. Doubleday of Millbrae, was a visitor here Sunday.

Find out who "Mr. Bob" is Friday, June 5th, at Metropolitan Hall.

Mrs. A. Sorenson is visiting her mother and brother in Sebastopol.

Miss Grace Martin entertained a bridge whist party Tuesday afternoon.

Dr. H. G. Plymire has returned from a short vacation in Alameda county.

Mell Cohen and Clyde Leonard left for a short trip to the north Tuesday.

Jim Anderson is back again after spending a pleasant week's vacation.

Franklin Swart, district attorney of this county, was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. S. Duea is visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. A. McCall. She will depart for the East soon to visit her husband.

"Mr. Bob" is a winner. See for yourself at Metropolitan Hall, June 5th.

Rev. Father Moran of All Souls' Church has recovered from a recent illness.

A photographer was in this city Tuesday taking pictures of the school children.

Ed Kauffmann left Wednesday evening for Yosemite. He will return Monday.

Dave Martin arrived home from Fresno Friday evening to spend the week-end.

Miss Love Tarbox is spending a week here as the guest of Miss Grace Hobbler.

Mrs. J. A. McCall gave a luncheon and musicale Thursday afternoon to thirty-five friends.

Rev. Fr. Bertola of St. Michael's parish, Ocean View, was a visitor to this city on Monday.

John Marley returned to this city Monday after a short trip to Sacramento and vicinity.

Mrs. Elsie Peterson returned to San Francisco after a two weeks' visit with Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Ebey.

The Dubois property on Lux avenue has been traded for farming land near Linden, San Joaquin county.

There was quite an attendance from this city at the dedication of St. Dunstan's Church, Millbrae, last Sunday.

Misses Anna and Bert Harder of San Francisco visited their cousin, Miss Dora Harder, Monday evening.

Mrs. C. D. Monaghan of Sacramento is making an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. E. I. Woodman, in this city.

The whist party given by The Fraternal Brotherhood, Monday evening was largely attended and was a success as usual.

J. T. Conn, of the Parisian Tea Co., was fined \$10 Tuesday morning by Recorder Rehberg for soliciting without a license.

Secretary Percy W. Treat, Superintendent Grant, and Mr. Lambert, of the New California Jockey Club, were here on business on Friday.

Several young people of South San Francisco attended the second annual picnic of the A. E. O. Scouts last Sunday at Idylwood Park, Niles Canyon.

Misses Ruth Turner, Beatrice Smith and Helen Block and Messrs. Joseph Killian and Warren Turner spent the week-end here as guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Martin and family.

Recorder Rehberg held court on Thursday on four prisoners arrested for illegal riding on a Southern Pacific train. Three were discharged with a reprimand. The fourth was given ninety days in the county jail, sentence being suspended.

The Hickey bungalows on upper Grand avenue are completed and open for public inspection. They are modern in every respect and were constructed by Contractor Cavanaugh, who will soon start building a new bungalow for Wm. Hyland.

An enjoyable time was had by several young people in Guild Hall last

(Continued on Page 4.)

PREPARING FOR BIG SAN JOSE CELEBRATION

To give the public an idea of the magnitude of the Fourth of July celebration to be held here under the auspices of the Native Sons of the Golden West, the following letter, received by Director General Howell D. Melvin from the San Francisco Native Sons extension committee, is published:

San Francisco, Cal., May 22, 1914.

Howell D. Melvin, San Jose, Cal.—Dear Sir and Brother: Our local extension committee representing the Native Sons of the Golden West in this city has taken up the matter of your Fourth of July Carnival and has taken steps to arrange for the participation of the order in the ceremonies of that day.

We have in this city 30 parlors of the Native Sons, with an aggregate membership of about 10,000. These parlors have been fully advised concerning your carnival, and have evinced much enthusiasm.

We feel assured that we are very conservative when we say that the attendance of the members of the Native Sons of the Golden West at your carnival will exceed 5,000 from this city. This includes six bands of music maintained by six of our local parlors and having an aggregate membership of 210 pieces; also 22 drum and pipe corps, with a membership of about 400.

By using the average obtained from the figures of 25 annual celebrations attended by the Native Sons, we can assure that there will be at least two persons traveling with us to the celebration in addition to the members of the order. We therefore feel that we are conservative and within the figures when we estimate that the San Francisco Native Sons and their friends will attend the San Jose carnival to the number of 15,000 persons.

We have not in this estimate counted on the activities of the Native Daughters of the Golden West, who will attend in large numbers, and who will advise you through their own committees.

the other centers of population close to San Jose respond with the enthusiasm which is manifest in this city, (and there is no doubt but that they will), your hospitality will be taxed beyond anything heretofore known in the history of your hospitable city.

With best wishes for the welfare and success of the Native Sons of San Jose, we remain,

Fraternally yours,
THOMAS B. LYNCH,
HENRY C. J. TOOMEY,
HARRY HOWSE,

Committee on Press and Publicity of the Extension Committee.

Yesterday a contract was made between the Native Sons Fourth of July committee and a manufacturer of fireworks of San Francisco, which calls for displays of day and night fireworks.

The specifications for the day fireworks totals a varied collection of over 200 pieces, many of them being novelties absolutely new. The night fireworks will consist of rockets, bombs and many other aerial pieces; also, 16 especially selected pieces—in the main, being of a patriotic nature.

The expense for these displays will be about \$1500; and as the fireworks committee, of which F. G. Canelo is chairman, has been exceedingly careful in the selections of the collections of fireworks, the people of Santa Clara county and the visitors will have an opportunity of viewing the finest display ever given in this city.

An agreement has been entered into with the hotels, restaurants and rooming houses, to the effect that no increased rates be charged; and this fact will have much to do with the success of the festivities, as the outside public is now assured of fair treatment in every respect.

The reception and accommodation committee, of which Henry W. McComas is chairman, will maintain centrally located headquarters during the entire three days of the celebration. It will be the duty of this committee to see that all who come to San Jose may have sleeping accommodations.

At his bureau of information a per-

Do You Want a Home?

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company will build you a house on any lot in South San Francisco, on very easy terms. Select your lot, choose your design and apply at the Company's office, 306 Linden avenue, for full particulars

COUNTY CANDIDATES, TAKE NOTICE!

The population of San Mateo county has very materially increased during the last two years, especially that of the northern section. Increased population means larger number of votes. The Enterprise, which covers the first township (northern section), suggests to seekers after county offices the advisability of placing their announcements in its columns. The rate is very reasonable—\$5 in advance for a one-inch space from now until the date of the primary election—August 25th, 1914.

fect checking system will be used for the purpose of handling baggage, etc., and enlightening the public on all matters pertaining to the celebration. To make it easier for visitors bringing suitcases, grips and packages, and especially those who are to participate in the big parade on the morning of the Fourth, competent men will be upon the special trains to tag the various pieces of luggage and have them taken to the headquarters upon the arrival of the trains for later distribution.—San Jose Mercury Herald, May 27.

BASEBALL

Last Sunday morning the local diamond was the scene of a fast and entertaining ball game under the auspices of the Volunteer Fire Department of this city. It proved by the score of 5 to 3 that the Hook and Ladders are sure some ball players and the Hosecart's will have to do some practicing before the return game. Cherry proved himself second to none as a ball player on the hook and ladder team. Although Frank's hands were in a fine condition for a tonsorai artist they were a little tender for a ball player but some how he managed to hold on to the ball. John Fischer Sr. made the best play in the game. It was a comical scene. A fly came out to third base, John being somewhat skeptical as to whether the ball, which he thought had wings, would ever come down, proceeded to go up and meet it and he sure got it. Chief Kneese and Assistant, Chief Mahoney gave good fair decisions as umpires. The attendance was one of the largest ever at a game and all report getting their money's worth.

\$1550 cash buys house, lot and furniture of C. F. Godden, No. 411 Commercial avenue. Advt.

HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS TO PLAY "MR. BOB."

The High School play, "Mr. Bob," which is to be given at Metropolitan Hall, Friday evening, June 5th, promises to be the dramatic event of the season.

The young people have responded well to Miss Wilkinson's coaching and are nearly ready to put on this snappy little comedy as it should be put on.

With Miss Luke and her cats, Mr. Brown and his various names, the stage-struck maid and the dignified butler, and Kitty with her plot to fool Philip, there is not a dull moment in the play.

The cast and a synopsis of a few of the leading points, follows:

CAST OF CHARACTERS.
Philip Royson, in love with Marion...
Robert Brown, clerk for Benson & Benson...
Jenkins, Miss Rebecca's Butler...
Rebecca Luke, a maiden lady...
Florence Brawn
Katherine Rogers, her niece...
Agnes Karbe
Marion Bryant, Katherine's friend...
Helen Carmody
Patty, Miss Rebecca's maid...
Minnie Foley

SYNOPSIS.
Act 1.—Morning at the home of Miss Luke.

Jenkins objects to rescuing cats. Patty yearns for the stage. Thunder falls in the flour barrel. "The noble spirit of a Jenkins objects." Patty gets up protest. "Mr. Bob" appears. "A perfect bower of pipes and tennis racket." Mr. Brown "comes down." Philip makes medical examination. Mr. Saunders introduced. A game of bluff. Jenkins longs to be a Romeo. Philip leaves. "Two black cats in a bag." "That man is not Mr. Saunders!" "My dear ladies, I came down."

Act II.—Afternoon of same day.
Patty rehearses Shakespeare. "I have thee not, yet I see thee still." Katherine and Marion plot. Mr. Brown has nervous chill. That mysterious signal—"sh-h-h-h"—Brown has to eat again. Philip goes on the warpath. Bob to sail Philip's boat. "Who calls—my lady!" Brown tries to escape. "You must propose to Kitty before the sun goes down." "Aunt Becky takes a nap. Brown substitutes papers. "What ho, my noble Romeo!" Plans for the cat asylum. An exciting yacht race, "Mr. Bob" at the helm. "Cats on the brain." Philip crosses as a bear. "For once, love's eyes are far-seeing." "Mr. Bob" wins. "I am Mr. Brown and came down." The missing codicil found. "Mr. Bob" is unmasked. Curtain.

H. Labourdette has just lowered the price of his place on Baden avenue, which is for sale. It has never been offered at such a low price before. Will sell on terms. For information, see local real estate agents, or write H. Labourdette, Eden Vale, Santa Clara county, Cal. Advt.

J. Addington, Visitacion. Painting, tinting and odd jobs a specialty. Prices reasonable. Leave orders with J. Carmody, the grocer. Advt.

New Spring Ties, 50 cents, at Schneider's. Advt.

Do Your Summer Cooking on a Modern

GAS RANGE

GUARANTEED TO SAVE

LABOR in operating

COST in heating

FAILURE in results

Inspect our stock

Pacific Gas and Electric Company
SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

"OUR TOM" WINNING NEW LAURELS SOUTH

Master Thomas Hickey, formerly of the St. Ignatius collegians, but now with the Watsonville Giants of the Mission League, added another scalp to his already over-crowded tepee by laying low the local representatives in the same league at Bush League Park Sunday afternoon.

Master Dick Whelan, first string twirler of the Santa Clara University team, had to suffer the pangs of defeat although he was not really responsible for the mishap. Had the locals hit at opportune moments, the score might have been different. This is how the Pippins turned the trick.

The game play by play:

FIRST INNING.

Watsonville—Cox out, Foppiani to Long; Wallace hit long drive to right field, Rountree fumbled ball, Wallace on third base; Wallace scored on Whitten's hit to centerfield; Jehl out, Griffin to Long; Baker out, Stevenson to Long; one run, two hits.

Santa Cruz—Trumbly poled out a long hit that the left fielder fumbled; Trumbly on third base, no outs; Griffin fanned; Arellanes walked; Foppiani fanned; Trumbly out trying to steal home; no runs, one hit.

SECOND INNING.

Watsonville—Davies out, Griffin to Long; Langford out, Whelan to Long; Hickey hit over second base, Hickey on first; Johnson got to first when Whelan batted his grounder; Cox fanned; no runs, one hit.

Santa Cruz—Long out, flied to Whitten; Stevenson out, Hickey to Jehl; Johnson fumbled Rountree's hit to short, Rountree safe on first base; Whelan out, fly to right field; no runs, no hits.

THIRD INNING.

Watsonville—Wallace out, fly to Foppiani, sensational catch; Whitten safe on Griffin's overthrow to first base; Whitten on second base, passed ball; Jehl walked; Arellanes lost sight of the ball and Whitten went to third, Jehl to second; Baker fanned; Whitten attempted to pilfer home, is caught between bases; no runs, no hits.

Santa Cruz—Snyder out, Hickey to Jehl; Trumbly out, fly to Whitten; Griffin hits to deep center for a two-bagger; Arellanes out, Wallace to Jehl; no runs, no hits.

FOURTH INNING.

Watsonville—Davies walked, Davies took second base on Whelan's wild pitch; Langford fanned; Hickey fanned, but Arellanes dropped the ball, Hickey safe on first base; Johnson hit to deep center, scoring Davies and Hickey; Johnson on third base; Cox out, Whelan to Long; Johnson stole home executing a pretty hook-slide. Wallace walked, Wallace stole second. (From the press box it looked like Stevenson tagged him out, but the umpire said safe.) Whitten out, Stevenson to Long; three runs, one hit.

Santa Cruz—Foppiani fanned; Long fanned; Stevenson struck out, but was safe when Davies dropped the ball; Stevenson takes second base on a passed ball; no runs, no hits.

FIFTH INNING.

Watsonville—Jehl hit to the left field fence for a two-bagger; Baker out, Foppiani to Long; Davies fanned; Jehl stole third base; Kunis flied to Foppiani; no runs, one hit.

Santa Cruz—Whelan fanned; Snyder flied to Whitten; Trumbly fanned; no runs, no hits.

SIXTH INNING.

Watsonville—Hickey flied to deep center, Trumbly making a pretty catch; Johnson out, Griffin to Long; Cox out, Foppiani to Long; no runs, no hits.

Santa Cruz—Johnson fumbled Griffin's hit to short, Griffin safe on first base; Griffin stole second; Arellanes out, Whitten to Jehl; Griffin now on third base; Foppiani fanned; Long flied to right field, out; no runs, one hit.

SEVENTH INNING.

Watsonville—Wallace fanned; Whitten out, Foppiani to Long; Jehl out, Griffin to Long; no runs, no hits.

Santa Cruz—Stevenson fanned; Cox out, Whitten to Jehl; Whelan flied to right field, out; no runs, one hit.

hand. Snyder safe on first, Whelan on second; Trumbly hit a scorcher to Johnson and the little shortstop threw the ball over Jehl's head; Whelan and Snyder scored; Trumbly went to third on a passed ball; Griffin out, Whitten to Jehl; two runs, two hits. EIGHTH INNING.

Watsonville—Baker out, Whelan unassisted; Foppiani fumbled Davies' hit and threw the ball over Long's head, Davies on second base; Griffin fumbled Kunis' hit, Kunis safe on first base; Hickey fanned; Davies stole third; Johnson out, Foppiani to Long; no runs, no hits.

Santa Cruz—Arellanes out, fly to Whitten; Foppiani fanned; Long hit to deep right field, Long stole second; Stevenson fanned; no runs, one hit.

NINTH INNING.

Watsonville—Cox doubled to left field; Wallace fanned; Whitten hit to Griffin, Cox out between bases; Jehl hit to Foppiani, Whitten out between bases; no runs, one hit.

Santa Cruz—Rountree out, Johnson to Jehl; Whelan fanned; "Tick" Smith went in as a pitch hitter and did a Casey; no runs, no hits.

The box score follows:

	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Cox, lf	5	0	1	0	0	1
Wallace, 3d	4	1	0	1	0	1
Whitten, 2d	5	0	1	5	2	0
Jehl, 1st	4	0	1	7	0	0
Baker, cf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Davies, c	3	1	0	13	1	0
Kunis, rf	2	0	0	1	0	0
Hickey, p	4	1	1	0	2	0
Johnson, ss	4	1	1	0	2	3
Langford, rf	2	0	0	1	0	0
Total	37	4	6	27	8	4

	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Trumbly, cf	4	0	2	1	0	0
Griffin, 3d	4	0	1	2	3	3
H. Arellanes, c	3	0	0	7	1	0
Foppiani, 2d	4	0	0	4	5	1
Long, 1st	4	0	1	12	0	0
Stevenson, ss	4	0	0	0	2	0
Rountree, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Whelan, p	4	1	0	1	2	1
Snyder, lf	3	1	1	0	0	0
Smith	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	2	5	27	13	5

RUNS AND HITS BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Runs	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
Hits	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	6
Santa Cruz	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Runs	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Hits	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	5

SUMMARY.

Three base hits—Wallace, Trumbly, Johnson. Two base hits—Jehl, Cox, First base on called balls, off Whelan, 3; off Hickey, 1. Struck out by Whelan, 8; by Hickey, 11. Passed balls, Arellanes, 3; Davies, 3. Wild pitch—Whelan. Times of game, 2 hours and 10 minutes. Umpire—Bueb. Scorer, J. Gosliner.—Santa Cruz News, May 25th.

Nothing There.

Robbie's grandfather was a veteran of the Civil War, and in talking to his little grandson about the battles he said: "Nearly a generation and a half ago, Robbie, my head was grazed by a bullet in the Battle of Chickamauga."

Robbie looked at the bald pate of his grandsire attentively and said: "Not much grazing there now, is there?"

Not What She Meant.

Mr. Titus was traveling in Italy and one morning was quite surprised to meet some people from his native town.

"Why, Mrs. Clarke! he cried. "How do you do? You are the last person I expected to see in Italy."

"If it isn't Mr. Titus!" exclaimed the lady in surprise. "Yes, we are spending the winter here. You must call on us often. You know just how it is persons we never think much of at home seem like dear friends when we meet them in a strange country."

An Idyl.

"He is my ideal and I'm his idol," said the girl.

"And your love affair?"

"Is an idyl."

"And your fiance?"

"He's idle, according to Papa."

Kissing causes colds, says a doctor. Don't let a cold catch you kissing.

COUNTY DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION NEWS

Issued upon authority of San Mateo County Development Association:

The San Mateo County Development Association, through its recent incorporation of the San Francisco-San Mateo Interurban Right of Way Company, is gaining considerable publicity in the important financial circles of the east for the Peninsula.

The fact that the project of a free and independent line from San Francisco to Palo Alto has been launched is now known by the big men in railroaddom.

The Electric Railway Journal, published in New York weekly, and recognized authority in such matters, reports the existence of the holding company in two issues of this month. In the issue of Saturday, May 16th, the big railroad publication says that this company has been chartered in California to secure a right of way for an electric line down the Peninsula for ansula. Also that this right of way will either be sold to a railroad company to build a competing system or will be retained. The directors are named in the article as well as other details in connection with the undertaking. In an earlier issue dated May 9th, the proposed electric line is discussed in an article from Redwood City. The fact that the development association is fostering the movement is stated.

The independent line is being freely discussed everywhere. In San Francisco the proposition is receiving much comment. Great interest is being evinced by many leading citizens of that city who believe that it is about time that San Mateo county get a large slice of the suburban traffic, which this community is unable to do because of the present inadequate transportation facilities.

The directors of the holding company are holding frequent meetings and have made several personal inspections over various routes under discussion in connection with the preliminary survey, which will be made with the utmost dispatch.

With practically no effort on the part of the directors to concentrate their energy on the acquisition of rights of way, their plan being to first determine upon the exact route, more than seven miles of private rights of way have already been offered to the holding company for no consideration save the immediate construction of a competing electric express. This means that fully twenty-five per cent of the required rights of way have already been pledged, which is a fact that tells best the true enthusiasm of the land owning interests.

English Papers Please Copy.

The teacher had guests at school one afternoon and naturally was anxious for her pupils to make a good impression.

"William," she asked of a rosy-faced lad, "can you tell me who George Washington was?"

"Yes, ma'am," was the quick reply. "He was an American gen'ral. "Quite right," replied the teacher. "And can you tell us what George Washington was remarkable for?"

"Yes, ma'am," replied the little boy. "He was remarkable because he was an American and told the truth."

Her Classification.

A little girl, when asked by her teacher to distinguish between the human and the animal families, replied:

"A brute is an imperfect beast; man is a perfect beast."

To Share a Confidence Blinds.

Confidence always pleases those who receive it. It is a tribute to their merit, a deposit we commit to their trust, a pledge that gives them a claim upon us, a kind of dependence to which we voluntarily submit.—La Rochefoucauld.

"Doesn't it give you a terrible feeling when you run over a man?" they asked him.

"Well, if he's a large man," replied the automobilist, "it does give one a pretty rough jolt."

Trying to be content with what we have is some trial.

F. S. STRATTON FOR APPELLATE BENCH

Hon. Frederick S. Stratton of Oakland, Collector of the Port of San Francisco during the administration of President McKinley, President Roosevelt and President Taft and one of the most eminent and popular attorneys in the state, has announced his candidacy for a seat on the bench of the California district court of appeals, first appellate district. He has entered the race for the place occupied by Associate Justice John E. Richards of San Jose, who was appointed by Governor Hiram W. Johnson to fill the vacancy created by the death of Associate Justice Samuel P. Hall of Oakland. The court to which he aspires sits in San Francisco and includes the east bay district in its jurisdiction.

Being a native of the Golden State by education and legal training familiar with every phase of the legal structure of California Attorney Stratton is considered by his host of friends and admirers to be particularly qualified for the judicial office he is seeking from the electorate. He was born in Oakland and has seen the present beautiful and progressive city grow from a comparatively straggling village. He was educated in the old Swett grammar school, the Oakland high school and the University of California, graduating from the last named institution with high honors in the class of '81. He worked his way through the university earning from \$18 to \$25 a month setting type in a newspaper office.

Stratton's first law partner was W. C. Morrow, at present judge of the United States circuit court of appeals in San Francisco, and afterwards he formed the law firm of Stratton, Kaufman & Torchiana, of which he has been the senior partner continuously ever since. He is a brother of Professor George M. Stratton, head of the department of philosophy of the University of California, and of Dr. R. T. Stratton, a prominent physician of Oakland. Immediately following the catastrophe of 1906 Stratton was appointed a member of the Red Cross committee of San Francisco and the Oakland relief committee, and in this capacity assisted largely in the distribution of \$14,000,000 for the relief of the sufferers of this terrible calamity. Stratton is a member of the order of the Native Sons of the Golden West and keeps up active interest in the welfare of the state university. He is a prominent member of the alumni of that institution and has the distinction of having been twice honored by an offer from President Roosevelt of the assistant secretaryship of the United States Treasury, which he felt constrained to refuse because he had no desire to leave his home for Washington society.

In 1897, Stratton went to the state senate from Alameda county and while he was a member of the California legislature he was the father of many important measures. This was his advent into political life, and from the date of his election as a senator until his retirement from the federal office he recently surrendered Stratton's record was one of distinguished public service based upon progressive ideas and marked by unflinching integrity and unswerving fidelity to the public. While serving in the legislature Attorney Stratton put through the measure which doubled the state university tax from one cent to two thus providing a substantially increased revenue with which to help build up the university to its present gigantic proportions. He also wrote and put through the bill which exempted Stanford university from taxation and wrote and fathered the bill which established in California primary elections. Afterwards he drafted every amendment to this law passed by the legislature up to 1909, and also all the constitutional amendments necessary to meet the new order in the election laws through their evolution to the direct primary measure. He bears the distinction of writing the first direct primary law ever introduced in the legislature and which, after many amendments, finally developed into the present measure. Stratton has always been a republican of the progressive type, and during his political career he has trained with the champions of liberal government. He was the leader in

the movement which defeated Daniel M. Burns for the United States senate, thus directing a political fight that since has become memorable in the history of the state because of the far-reaching benefits that have been derived from that contest. He also was the author of the legislative measure twice introduced and finally passed which exempted church property from taxation in this state, and throughout his entire public career he has been in a position where it was necessary constantly to draw upon his knowledge of the law in the discharge of his duties.

As collector of the port of San Francisco his work for the most part was judicial in character, he having to decide practically all questions officially submitted to him according to the law of the land. And during all of this period he took an active part in the business of his law firm so that at no time was he ever inclined or permitted to become lax in legal research. By temperament Attorney Stratton is as well qualified for judicial duties as he is by ability and study.

When the first announcement was made that United States Senator George W. Perkins would not try for re-election Stratton's friends asked him to become a candidate for the toga, but he refused to consider the matter.

"In view of the fact that the office I am seeking," said Stratton, "would be most congenial to me, I have decided to make the race. The salary connected with the judgeship is not a consideration, and if the people will give me the seat I hope to have the honor of occupying I will try to serve them just as faithfully as I always have done in the past. My aspirations always have been towards the bench and now that the judiciary has been removed from partisan politics the bench has an added charm and dignity. I will make the race on my past record as a public servant and I hope to win."

An Aid to His Work.

"I hope," said one wife to another, "that you never nag your husband." "Only when he is beating the rugs," said the second one. "When he is thoroughly irritated he makes a much better job of it."

Miss Catt—She has a novel complexion.

Miss Nipp—Yes; but the novelty is apt to wear off.

NOTICE TO BIDDERS.

Office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.
San Mateo County, California,
May 25, 1914.

Sealed bids will be received by the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of San Mateo County, at his office until 10 o'clock a. m., Monday, June 15, 1914, for the construction of 3.911 miles of highway on what is known as the Bay Shore Road, beginning at a point where the center line of said road intersects the northern city limits of the City of South San Francisco and extending to a point where said road crosses the northern boundary line of San Mateo County.

Specifications for this work are on file in the office of said board, to which bidders are hereby referred.

All bids must be made upon blank form, to be obtained at the County Surveyor's office of said County at Redwood City, must give the prices proposed, both in writing and figures, and must be signed by the bidder with his address.

The bid is to be accompanied with a certified check equal to ten (10) per cent of the total of the bid, upon the condition that if said bid shall be accepted the party bidding will duly enter into the contract and faithfully perform his contract in accordance with his bid and the plans and specifications. Such check to be made payable to said county of San Mateo.

A common law bond will be required for the faithful performance of the contract in such sum as shall be fixed by the said Board of Supervisors after the bids are opened, said sum shall not be less than one-fourth (1/4) and not more than one-half (1/2) of the estimated amount of the contract; and a further bond in a sum equal to one-half (1/2) of the estimated amount of the contract must be furnished as required by the terms of an act entitled, "An act to secure the payment of the claims of material-men, mechanics, or laborers employed by contractors upon state, municipal or other public works;" approved March 27, 1897, and acts amendatory thereof.

The contractor to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to appear at the office of the County Clerk with the sureties offered by him, and execute the contract within ten (10) days (not including Sunday) from the date of the awarding of the contract, and in case of failure or neglect so to do, he will be considered as having abandoned it and the check shall be forfeited to the said County of San Mateo.

Bids must be enclosed in a sealed envelope, addressed to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, and must be endorsed, "Bids for Constructing the Bay Shore Road."

The Board of Supervisors reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

JOS. H. NASH,
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of
the County of San Mateo.

5-30-3t

DON'T ADVERTISE if you do not want to see him do the business. Wake up! Put your ad. in THE ENTERPRISE.

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the City of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people; an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

South San Francisco is on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller & Co. Paint Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, the Pacific Coast Steel Company, the Pacific Car and Equipment Company, the Standard Corrugated Pipe Works, the Shaw Batcher Pipe Works, Enterprise Foundry and Prest-o-Lite Works. The Meese-Gottfried Machinery Company of San Francisco and the American Marble and Mosaic Company have purchased land and will soon operate. South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.

NEXT TIME

YOU BAKE---

USE

CALIFENE

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

ASK YOUR DEALER

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant
 under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

Western Meat Company

THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
Everett I. Woodman, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year, in advance.....\$2 00
Six Months " 1 00
Three Months " 50
Advertising rates furnished on application.

Office on Linden Avenue, near Bank.

SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1914.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Saturday evening, the occasion being a surprise party in honor of Miss Florence Robinson. The evening was spent in games and dancing. Refreshments were served. Miss Robinson will soon graduate from the San Mateo high school.

Announcement has been made of the fourth annual ball to be given by the Metropolitan Club in Metropolitan Hall, Saturday evening, June 27th. Gentlemen 50 cents, ladies complimentary.

Tom Schmidt, Joe Kent, Arthur Woodman, Reuben Smith, Howard and Irving Reikhardt and Henry Renniker left last night in an auto truck for La Honda, where they will camp for a few days.

A number of friends of Miss Florence Robinson went with her to San Mateo where she was graduated from high school last night. Miss Robinson will probably go into the mercantile business.

Thursday morning the home of Frank Josephs was entered and a purse containing \$45 was taken from a receptacle on the wall. Mr. Josephs reported the theft to the police who are working on the case.

Thos. L. Hickey, Jr., "Our Tom," has been offered an engagement to pitch ball for the Portland baseball club during this summer. He declined, desiring to continue his studies at St. Ignatius College. Scouts, representing Conny Mack of the big leaguers, have been watching Tom's work lately.

Mrs. J. A. McCall of this city was the hostess at a charming luncheon given Thursday afternoon. The ladies who arrived about 11 o'clock were entertained by musical selections, the chief contributor of which was Mrs. J. A. Augustus, a well known soprano in Oakland. Luncheon was served in the prettily decorated dining room, after which several games were played. Those present were: Oakland—Mesdames H. C. Ingram, J. P. Potter, J. A. Nicholson, J. A. Augustus, H. K. Miller, F. M. Jones, T. L. Pond. San Francisco—Mesdames F. M. Goodwin, S. B. Duea, J. J. White, D. A. Cuttler, J. Ricketts. This city—Mesdames J. A. McCall, W. J. Martin, J. O. Snyder, A. McSweeney, G. W. Holston, G. E. Britton, H. G. Plymire, J. W. Coleberd, F. A. Cunningham, Hetzler, J. Coffinberry, E. Coffinberry, Q. Hyde, G. A. Kneese, W. Money, M. F. McColm, W. S. Taylor, J. Elkerenkotter, and Miss Grace Martin.

JAS. C. WALLACE FOR CONSTABLE

Jas. C. Wallace, constable for the first township, announces in another column of The Enterprise his candidacy for re-election. As yet he has no opponent.

Notice. The cleaning of fine fabrics from this date on will be cleaned in San Francisco and pressed in South San Francisco. Suits made to order \$20 up. All kinds of alterations made. Work called for and delivered. Phone Gaerdes Grocery Store. Hours from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. E. A. Shapland, Tailor. Advt.

May Manton fashion book for 5 cents if purchased with a pattern, including free transfer embroidery pattern, 30 cents value for 15 cents at "The Hub." Advt.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

The board of supervisors met in adjourned session Monday, May 25th, in Redwood City.

A communication was received from the Woman's Board of Panama-Pacific International Exposition announcing that an organization known as the San Mateo County Auxiliary of the woman's board has been formed for the purpose of assisting in the promotion of the county's interests in connection with the exposition.

The communication was accepted and filed.

The following bids were received for grading a portion of the road from Colma to Edgemar:

Federal Construction Company, \$12,338.34.

Blanchard-Brown Company \$11,420.94.

On motion of Supervisor MacBain, seconded by Supervisor Francis, the contract was awarded to the Blanchard-Brown Company, they being the lowest bidders. The estimated cost was \$11,230. It is specified that the macadam shoulders are to be constructed at the expense of the first road district.

District Attorney Swart informed the board that G. G. Blymyer & Co. of San Francisco had purchased the Montara school bonds at the last meeting, offering a premium of \$7.50, believing that the rate of interest was 5½ per cent, when in fact the rate is 5¼ per cent, they being misled through an error in the advertisement. The company has since refused to take the bonds, and Mr. Swart had succeeded in securing a buyer through the Bank of South San Francisco.

A resolution was adopted on motion of Supervisor Francis, seconded by Supervisor MacBain, confirming the sale of the bonds to the South San Francisco bank.

The district attorney stated that a number of buyers were on hand to take the state highway bonds, amounting to \$125,000, about to be purchased by the board. He suggested that the bonds be at once disposed of.

It was ordered on motion of Supervisor MacBain, seconded by Supervisor Casey, that the sale be made at once and that each bidder be required to accompany his offer with a certified check for \$2500.

Bids were opened as follows:

Bond & Goodwin, \$119,825.

E. H. Rollins & Sons, \$118,875.

Byrne & McDonald, \$119,800.45.

On motion of Supervisor MacBain, seconded by Supervisor Casey, the bonds were ordered sold to Bond & Goodwin, they being the highest bidders, and the treasurer directed to deliver the bonds to said successful bidders.

Plans and specifications for the bay shore road, leading from South San Francisco northerly to the county line, a distance of three and nine-tenths miles, were presented by Surveyor Neuman and after slight amendment were adopted on motion of Supervisor MacBain, seconded by Supervisor Casey. The clerk was directed to publish a notice calling for bids for the work of constructing the road.

Mrs. Lydia Dugan offered as a site for the county jail, a lot on Broadway, Redwood City, having a frontage of forty feet and one hundred feet deep, to which is joined a strip twenty-five feet wide, forming a right angle and fronting on Washington street, being sixty feet deep. For the Broadway property she asked \$8000 and for the Washington-street property \$1750.

It was the opinion of the board that the Broadway property was too narrow. H. C. Tuchen, representing Mrs. Dugan, stated that additional frontage could be secured. With this understanding, the matter was laid over for one week, on motion of Supervisor MacBain, seconded by Supervisor Casey, it being understood that it will then be settled.

District Attorney Swart was called upon for an opinion as to the board's power to award a contract for printing the delinquent tax list and advised the board that the tax collector had the giving out of that work, according to Attorney General Webb.

Supervisor MacBain moved that the

FRATERNAL ORDERS

(By Harry Edwards.)
Imp. O. Redmen.

Here is a little incident that happened in the wigwam of Wampus tribe, Millbury, Mass. Can any small tribe boast of a better family record? It was the last meeting in Beaver moon. Delay in street cars caused five members to arrive late. When the council fire had been kindled an alarm sounded at the inner wicket, and the guard reported "William E. Horne of this tribe." He was admitted and waited for word to seek recognition in line. Then followed and were admitted these members: Charles E. Horne, Arthur I. Horne, Harry B. Horne, Frank L. Horne. They made a fine line of men as they marched to the brand for recognition. William E. is father of the four, and another son was unavoidably absent that sleep. William E. has a brother, Daniel O., who is a member of the tribe, making seven in one family, all good Redmen. The wife of William E. says she has one more son who will have to join as soon as he is of legal age, and if she was a man she would join the order herself.—Official Journal.

There are numberless Redmen who are daily and hourly doing all they can to further the interests and promote the welfare of the order, of whose acts no notice is taken. They are and will be further rewarded by the consciousness of having performed a duty which brings to them the pleasure of a peaceful mind and a light heart. These are the ones who compose the solid foundation upon which the superstructure of Redmen-ship rests. As long as we have such a membership, our destiny is toward perfection.

F. O. E.

South City Aerie, No. 1473, with its open charter, is forging ahead. Already twenty applications of good men and true are being acted upon. This number will be increased during the next fifty days, when a grand initiatory ceremony will take place. Officers of the State Aerie will assist the local officers in putting on the work. The present program of the boosters calls for 100 candidates, and we think it possible that this number may be introduced. Double the membership is the slogan.

IF I WAS A MAN.

If I was a man, a great big man,
Like some big men I know;
I would not brag about myself
And treat the women so.
I would not smoke the vile cigar,
Or chew the filthy weed;
Or muddle booze while there are shoes
That wife and children need.
I would not loaf about the street,
And places less polite,
And leave my wife and babies, too,
At home alone at night.
If I was a man, a great big man,
As big a man like you,
I would not brag about my vote
And use it as you do.
You vote a hovel for yourself
A mansion for the drone;
The choicest meats for the rich men's
Wives
And liver for your own.
The "Bible" some say is their guide,
To it their faith is pinned,
But when it comes to getting votes
The "bottle" got it skinned.
If I was a man, a great big man,
I think you'd profit by it;
I'd do better or I'd quit
And let the women try it.
—Pearle Thompson.

Modern Mary.

Mary had a little skirt
Tied tightly in a bow,
And everywhere that Mary went
She simply couldn't go.

A collision occurred between two airships the other day. Unfortunately the spot cannot be marked by a memorial tablet, and it is doubtful if either will come back.

bids that were before the board be opened. The motion was lost for want of a second.

COURT HALTS PLAN FOR THE CASEY RECALL ELECTION

Superior Judge George Buck signed a permanent writ of prohibition yesterday preventing the board of supervisors from acting on the petition asking for the recall election against Supervisor James T. Casey. The recall petition did not state specific grounds for such action, the court held.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS. San Mateo County

JUDGE S. C. DENSON ...REPUBLICAN...

Candidate for Superior Court Bench

Resident of Burlingame for the last four years.

KENNETH M. GREEN

Candidate for
DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Regular Republican Nominee at the Last
Election Under the 1d Primary Law.

J. H. MANSFIELD

(Incumbent) Candidate for
SHERIFF
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

JOS. H. NASH

(Incumbent) Candidate for
C O U N T Y C L E R K
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

C. D. HAYWARD

(Incumbent) Candidate for
COUNTY ASSESSOR
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

A. McSWEENEY

(Incumbent) Candidate for
COUNTY LICENSE and
TAX COLLECTOR
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

P. P. CHAMBERLAIN

(Incumbent) Candidate for
C O U N T Y T R E A S U R E R
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

R. J. ALBERT

Candidate for
COUNTY RECORDER
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

J. J. SHIELDS

Candidate for
COUNTY AUDITOR
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

GEO. A. KNEESE

Candidate for
COUNTY SURVEYOR
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

ROY W. CLOUD

(Incumbent) Candidate for
COUNTY SUPERINTEND-
ENT OF SCHOOLS
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

W. G. SAWIN

Single Tax Candidate for
COUNTY ASSESSOR
Lower Taxation on Improvements.
Higher on Vacant Land. Somers System of Assessments.

W. J. SMITH

Candidate for
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
First Township
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

JOHN F. DAVIS

(Incumbent) Candidate for
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
First Township
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

JAS. C. WALLACE

(Incumbent) Candidate for
CONSTABLE
First Township
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

GEORGE H. BUCK

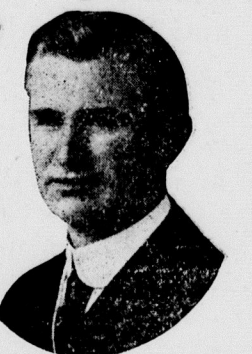
(Incumbent) Candidate for
SUPERIOR JUDGE
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

MICHAEL SHEEHAN

Candidate for
SHERIFF
Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

FRANKLIN SWART

Re-elect Him
At the Primaries



DRAYAGE AND EXPRESSAGE

KAUFFMANN BROS.

Light and Heavy Hauling promptly
attended to. Baggage and Freight
transferred to and from Railroads,
Hotels, Residences, Etc., at rea-
sonable rates

CONNECTIONS WITH ALL TRAINS

WOOD AND COAL HAY AND GRAIN

Office: - With Wells, Fargo & Co.
Phone, Main 224 Grand Ave.

"The Hub"

CHAS. GUIDI, Prop.
Ladies' suits to order, \$20 up. Dress
skirts, \$6 up. All kinds of repairing,
cleaning and pressing done in a first
class manner.
313-315 GRAND AVE.
South San Francisco

Expert Hair Cutting, Hot Baths, Razors Honed —AT— METROPOLITAN BARBER SHOP

Phone 365.

F. FURINO

Sanitary Plumbing and Gasfitting
Tinning and Jobbing. Estimates fur-
nished new work. All work guaranteed.
553 Grand Avenue
South San Francisco California

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution, issued out of the Superior Court of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, and dated the 22d day of May, A. D. 1914, in an action in which the Plaintiff J. N. Ziegenfuss on the 17th day of September, A. D. 1913, recovered judgment against Charles Ballazi, Defendant, for \$97.03 Dollars, Gold Coin of the United States of America, and costs of suit.

I have levied upon property described as follows, to-wit:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in South City, County of San Mateo, State of California, and more particularly described as follows:

The West one-half (½) of Lot No. three (3), Block 119, as the said Lot and Block are delineated and so delineated upon that certain Map entitled "Map of City of South San Francisco." Notice is hereby given, that on Monday, the 22d day of June, A. D. 1914, at 12 o'clock M., in front of the court house door in Redwood City, in the County of San Mateo, State of California, I will sell all the right, title and interest of said Charles Ballazi in and to the above described property at Public Auction, for cash in gold coin of the United States, to the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said Execution and all costs.

Dated at Redwood City, this 30th day of May, A. D. 1914.

J. H. MANSFIELD,
Sheriff of the County of San Mateo, Cal.
H. D. Wise, 309 Commercial Bldg.,
Oakland, Cal., Attorney for Plaintiff.
5-30-4t

JUDGE S. C. DENSON FOR SUPERIOR COURT BENCH

The announcement of Judge S. C. Denson's candidacy for the superior court bench of San Mateo county has aroused a hearty interest throughout the county, not only because of Judge Denson's enviable record as a lawyer in California, but because of the reputation he achieved when he was superior judge of Sacramento county.

In a recent interview, Judge Denson spoke as follows at his home in Burlingame about the issues of the day:

"If I am elected superior judge of San Mateo county there will be no odd scores to settle, no enemies to punish and no favorites to reward. All shall have absolutely an equal hearing. Technicalities will not be permitted to overrule manifest justice. The law will all the while be tempered with mercy. Earnest effort will be made to ascertain the truth and to do what is right in all cases. The high and the lowly, the rich and the poor, the strong and the weak will stand upon the same level.

"The progressive legislation will be favorably considered and construed and all laws will be enforced as enacted, because, if good, they should be enforced, and if not good, their strict enforcement will show the defects and furnish good reason for amendments.

"Woman Suffrage is established and has passed the stage for argument. Our system of laws, passed when men only could vote, must be pruned, amended and adjusted to this new and important element in government. Women do not ask justice through mere courtesy, and will not expect favors because they are women, but they justly demand equal rights as citizens and voters, and the sooner our statutes and proceedings are adjusted to the new conditions the better it will be.

"The Workmen's Compensation Law is a step in the right direction, but embraces many crudities and some elements of injustice. It must be fairly enforced so that its imperfections may be exposed in the hope of amendment and correction. Ultimately it will be adjusted to what is right, and will be a beneficent thing.

"Many other things in the new laws are more or less inconsistent and raw, but the courts must fairly and intelligently construe and apply them, and thus aid in having them properly adjusted to the needs of the people.

"Much time is worse than wasted and much money is squandered in protracted trials of cases in court. The majority of cases can be tried in a day or two, instead of consuming some weeks, and a correct conclusion can be better reached by confining the evidence and arguments to the exact issues involved. Before reaching the end of a protracted trial, much that occurs at the beginning will be practically forgotten and justice may be defeated. A short, sharp trial, holding close to the real questions involved will nearly always result in justice."

BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHOOL EXAMINATION.

The examinations for Diplomas of Graduation will be held this year on June 8th and 9th, in the following order:

June 1.—Language, Physiology.
June 2.—History, Mental Arithmetic, Algebra.
June 8.—Geography, Civics, Drawing.
June 9.—Arithmetic, Literature.

The examinations in the Jefferson school building, Colma, will be presided over by Prof. McCrea of Redwood City.

The examinations for San Bruno and South San Francisco will be held in the South San Francisco school building and will be presided over by one of the eighth grade teachers of the Jefferson School District.

The examinations in San Mateo will be presided over by Prof. Wm. J. Savage.

The examinations at Redwood City will be presided over by County School Superintendent Roy Cloud.

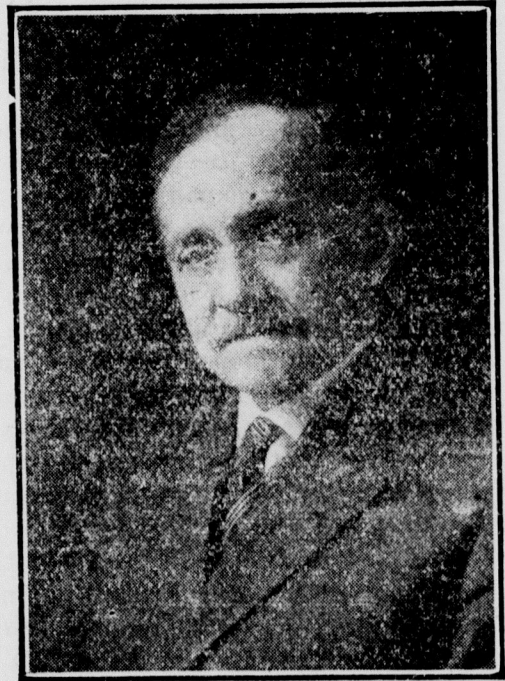
The examinations at Redwood City

JUSTICE ANGELLOTTI FOR CHIEF JUSTICE

Justice Frank M. Angellotti of the state supreme court, whose term as associate justice expires at the end of the present year, is a candidate for re-election to that court in the capacity of chief justice, to succeed Chief Justice Beatty, who is not a candidate for re-election.

Justice Angellotti is a native of this state, having been born in San Rafael, Marin county, in the year 1861. He was educated in the schools of California, and is a graduate of the Hastings college of law, University of California. He commenced the practice of the law in San Rafael in 1883, and was district attorney of Marin county for three successive terms, embracing the years 1885 to and including 1890. He was elected judge of the superior court of Marin county in 1890, when only 29 years of age, and continued on the bench of that county until January, 1903, having been re-elected in 1896, with the endorsement of all parties.

In 1902 he was nominated at Sacramento on the republican state ticket for the office of associate justice of the supreme court, was elected by a majority of over 50,000, and since January, 1903, has been a member of that court. It will thus be seen that Justice Angellotti has been on the bench of this state for more than twenty-three years, and that during eleven years of that period he has been associate justice of our supreme court. His work as a member of that court is well and favorably known throughout the state. His ability as a judge is universally recognized, and he is



JUSTICE FRANK M. ANGELLOTTI
Of the State Supreme Court.

known to be a man of absolute probity and integrity.

Justice Angellotti, as a member of this court, has shown great industry and marked devotion to duty, as is evidenced by the large number of opinions he has written and in which he has participated. Among his opinions are some of the most important rendered by that court during the judge's incumbency.

The very general endorsement that Justice Angellotti's candidacy for chief justice is receiving from the lawyers of the state, irrespective of party or political affiliations, is a deserving recognition on the part of those who might be said to be most familiar with his work, and must impress our people that he is a fit successor to the present chief justice.

For a number of years past, Justice Angellotti has been the presiding judge of department one of the supreme court, and his long and able service as a member of that court clearly entitles him to the promotion he seeks. It is a matter of gratification that Justice Angellotti should now be seeking re-election as chief justice to the court of which he is now and for more than eleven years has been a member in the capacity of an associate justice. Moreover, Justice Angellotti is the only member of the supreme court, as present constituted, seeking to be elected chief justice, an office which by reason of his experience, environment and ability,

will be presided over by Prof. A. M. Croop.

The examinations at Half Moon Bay will be presided over by Prof. A. M. Hall.

he is exceptionally well qualified to fill.

In performing the duties of his office, Judge Angellotti's attitude toward the members of the bar has been uniformly considerate, his kindness toward the younger members of the bar being particularly marked, and it is safe to say that almost every young lawyer in California will be found actively working for his election as chief justice.

Justice Angellotti takes a pronounced interest in all matters looking to the betterment of our state, and the very general but merited support he is receiving for chief justice discloses a wise determination on the part of the people when they have tried a judge and found him able and faithful to his trust to honor him with promotion.

Justice Angellotti has been active in all efforts to change the rules and methods of practice so as to bring about a more speedy determination of causes on their merits. He is a strong believer in the doctrine that justice delayed is too often justice denied.

CITY IMPROVEMENT.

The artificial stone sidewalk on both sides of Baden avenue have been completed. The oiled macadam pavement work on that street will now proceed.

The artificial stone sidewalk work on both sides of acacia avenue has been started.

The concrete-asphaltum contract on Linden avenue will be completed some time next week.

A portion of Grand avenue has been paved with concrete-asphaltum. The balance of the contract will now proceed rapidly.

The oiled macadam street improvement work on Miller avenue is progressing and will be finished in a few weeks, as well as the artificial stone sidewalks.

Resolutions of intentions have been adopted by the city board of trustees for paving Eucalyptus, Orange, Magnolia, Spruce and Maple avenues with oiled macadam.

Before winter, many of the streets of this city will have been modernly improved.

Property owners should immediately plan to improve their premises, by disposing of weeds, planting flowers or grass in time to receive the benefits of next winter's rains. It would not be long before this industrial city would in fact be the "City Beautiful" and attract hundreds of new residents.

FRANKLIN SWART FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Franklin Swart, present district attorney for San Mateo county, is an aspirant for re-election. His announcement appears in another column of The Enterprise.

See the fine line of Women's Spring and Summer Waists, from 65 cents to \$3.50, at Schneider's. Advt.

Summer Hats

AND

Bonnets

Summer Hats and Bonnets for Children. A large assortment to select from. Prices from 20c to \$1.50.

Everything new in Summer Goods.

W. C. SCHNEIDER

227 Grand Av. South San Francisco

Why do 44,000 people leave Oakland and cross the bay and come to San Francisco daily?

WHY INDEED? Because the business is here and always will be—they come for their bread and butter, for "A Man Must Eat."

WHY INDEED? Do they risk their lives on crowded ferry boats in the fog when they can do better on this side?

WHY INDEED? Do they allow themselves to be herded like sheep from boat to train over crowded gang planks, when they can go in comfort in steel coaches

to Burlingame in 26 minutes without transfer, and obtain acres for value of lots in Oakland.

WHY INDEED? When you can go or come on asphalted boulevards without boat or train in your own auto in 45 minutes.

WHY NOT? Compare values and desirability in Burlingame and across the bay and draw your own conclusions. That's all we ask. Prices and terms from

LYON & HOAG

660 Market St., San Francisco, or Burlingame Station

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY.

Francis Drake Lodge, No. 376, F. & A. M., meets at Metropolitan Hall first Friday every month for Stated meetings. E. N. Brown, Master. H. F. Minglehoff, Secretary.

South San Francisco Lodge, No. 850, The Fraternal Brotherhood, meets every 2d and 4th Mondays in Lodge Hall. W. C. Schneider, President. Leon DeLange, Secretary.

Tippecanoe Tribe No. 111, I. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting Bros. welcome. P. L. Kauffmann, Sachem. G. E. Kiessling, Chief of Records.

South City Aerie No. 1473, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p. m. Oswald Lockhart, Worthy President. Geo. A. Kneese, Secretary. Visiting brothers welcome.

San Mateo Lodge, No. 7, Journeymen Butchers, P. and B. A., meets every 1st and 3d Mondays in the Lodge Hall, at 7:30 p. m. Peter Lind, President. J. E. Sullivan, Secretary.

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South San Francisco RAILROAD TIME TABLE

May 27, 1914.

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:08 a. m.
(Except Sunday)7:03 a. m.
(Except Sunday)7:16 a. m.
(Except Sunday)7:42 a. m.
(Except Sunday)8:03 a. m.
(Except Sunday)8:24 a. m.
(Sunday only)8:44 a. m.
(Except Sunday)

9:23 a. m.

9:53 a. m.

11:33 a. m.

1:07 p. m.

3:42 p. m.

3:56 p. m.
(Saturday)

5:14 p. m.

5:32 p. m.

7:28 p. m.

8:28 p. m.
(Except Saturday and Sunday)11:39 p. m.
(Saturday and Sunday)

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:47 a. m.

7:17 a. m.
(Except Sunday)

8:28 a. m.

10:58 a. m.

11:58 a. m.

1:37 p. m.

2:32 p. m.

3:17 p. m.

4:37 p. m.

5:24 p. m.
(Except Sunday)

5:59 p. m.

6:25 p. m.
(Except Sunday)

6:47 p. m.

8:28 p. m.

9:47 p. m.

12:02 p. m.
(Theatre Train)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 8 a. m. to 9 a. m. Money order office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

MAILS DISPATCHED.

South, 6:02 a. m.

North, 8:03 a. m.

South, 11:57 a. m.

North, 12:13 p. m.

South, 2:18 p. m.

North, 3:41 p. m.

North, 7:03 p. m.

MAILS RECEIVED.

North, 6:02 a. m.

North, 11:57 a. m.

South, 12:13 p. m.

North, 2:18 p. m.

South, 3:41 p. m.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

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Clerk.....W. J. Smith
Treasurer.....C. L. Kauffmann
Recorder.....Wm. Rehberg
Attorney.....J. W. Coleberd
Marshal.....H. W. Kneese
Night Watchman.....W. P. Acheson
Health Officer.....Dr. I. W. Keith
BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire, E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey, Dr. I. W. Keith, Geo. Kneese (Secretary).

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—P. D. Broner, C. C. Conrad, E. N. Brown.

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Treasurer.....P. P. Chamberlain
Tax Collector.....A. McSweeney
District Attorney.....Franklin Swart
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
County Recorder.....H. O. Heiner
Sheriff.....J. H. Mansfield
Auditor.....Henry Underhill
Superintendent of Schools.....Roy Cloud
Cor. and Pub. Adm., Dr. H. G. Plymire
Surveyor.....James B. Neuman
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First Township

Supervisor.....James T. Casey
Justices of the Peace.....E. C. Johnson
Constables.....John F. Davis
Constables.....J. C. Wallace
Constables.....J. H. Parker
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HOT SPRINGS, ARK., WANTS COLLECTION OF RELICS AS PERMANENT EXHIBIT THERE.

Hot Springs, Ark.—So favorable has been the impression made by the great collection of antiquities and curios which were brought to the state fair by Dr. Y. J. Andre upon official of the State Fair Association and citizens that all effort is being made to have Dr. Andre place in this city a permanent display of his collection.

Dr. Andre brought to Hot Springs a most interesting history. He has more than 200 collections, each having gathered this collection in almost every country on the globe, for in his time he has been one of the most prominent "globe trotters." For years he was stationed in the Philippines as veterinary in the United States army. Dr. Andre refused many lucrative offices for various articles of his collection.

Among the objects which he prizes most highly is the watch that was worn by Napoleon. This came into the possession of Dr. Andre's grandfather, being given to him by General Duros, who was Napoleon's favorite general. Napoleon I., when presented with a watch by his generals, in turn made General Duros the recipient of the timepiece he had been carrying. General Duros, just previous to an important battle, gave the watch to Dr. Andre's great grandfather, telling him to keep it until after the battle and to retain it always if he was killed. General Duros met his death in that engagement. Later Dr. Andre's grandfather related to Napoleon I. how he came by the watch the emperor had given his favorite general, asking the emperor if he desired the watch back.

"No, Dr. Andre," so runs the legend in the Andre family. "He was my greatest general, and your warmest friend. Keep the watch, but do not let it go out of the Andre family."

Seal Goes With Watch.

Princess Pauline, sister of Napoleon I. had been presented with an emblem of France, consisting of a lion on a pedestal, with her initials carved to constitute a seal on the bottom at the same time her royal brother received his watch from his generals. She gave to Andre this token, telling him to keep the watch and the seal always together. The edict has been faithfully obeyed in the Andre family. The watch of Napoleon is in as good condition to-day as it was when that distinguished emperor carried it.

By its side rests a watch Dr. Andre secured in China. It, too, has a history. It is of ancient make and will run eight days without winding.

Dr. Andre also has the three shirt studs worn by Napoleon I., as well as three studs that belonged to General Duros. Princess Pauline's jewel casket, beautifully hand-painted and inlaid with silver, is also in the collection. There is also another remembrance of Napoleon I. that Dr. Andre values very highly. It is an ornamental corkscrew which was given as a souvenir at a wine supper given by the emperor.

Among all his articles of value there is none that Dr. Andre attaches more sentiment to than the watch that was carried by Major Archibald Butt, President Taft's aid, who went down with the Titanic. Dr. Andre and Major Butt passed many pleasant days in the Philippines and the major in 1902 gave the doctor his watch and also the campaign hat that he wore.

Has Ancient Locket.

Dr. Andre also has an ancient German locket, with a cameo setting, the carving of which was done in Italy. A tiny hair locket is attached to the back. There is also a very ancient Japanese medicine box, and on the cord attached to this is hung a hen carved out of ivory. There is also a German brooch and two eardrops, which are known to be more than 150 years old.

Japan also furnished Dr. Andre with a block of ivory, and out of this has been carved a group of frogs. That article, says Dr. Andre, is over 500 years old. One of the most ancient exhibits is a complete Japanese fighting armor, with two swords and spear, which is more than 1000 years old. The spear is inlaid with pearl. There is also a pair of ancient Japanese stirrups, each one handsomely carved in fantastic designs of gold fiber. Dr. Andre also has a double set of harness made out of natural hemp grown by the Filipinos. Near

this group hangs the canteen used by General Lawton, who lost his life in the Philippines.

One large frame contains a large collection of bows and arrows used by the Filipinos, the arrow heads being of different shape. Each has been poisoned by being dipped in a deadly sap concocted by the natives. There are also a gun barrel and sword that were taken from the Mississippi River at Fort Pillar, said to have been lost in a Confederate retreat, as well as a Japanese flintlock gun, which is of very ancient pattern.

BRAINS IN MAN AND ANIMALS.

A dog can live without a brain; then why not a man? Full-grown dogs have lived for years without brains, walking, sleeping, eating, barking, howling, starting at noises, scratching at fleas, just as normal dogs habitually do.

Brainless babies have been born, but have died within a day or two, now, however, Drs. Edinger and Fischer, two eminent German physicians, describe a child that lived until its fourth year without a brain, and only after its death from tuberculosis was it discovered that in place of a cerebrum there was only a membranous bag filled with fluid.

This child lay motionless in sleep unless awakened; it performed the primitive act of sucking, but never learned to take food in any other way. The doctors who observed it say it was less capable than a fish or frog without a brain.

That a brainless animal should be more capable than a brainless human being may seem at first sight to be extraordinary, but when we come to consider what is known about the nervous system and the psychology of animals and man it is quite what might be expected. There are certain functions of the body which men as well as animals perform without thought; the expansion and contraction of the chest in breathing, for example. There are others which are called reflex actions and which require no definite thought, such, for instance, as the instant repose of any part of the body to a sudden shock or pain. These are performed through the spinal motor mechanism which in animals is set in motion from any part of the sensory surface of the body.

The lowest animals have no real brain. As we ascend the scale a cerebrum is added to the primitive nervous system. This cerebrum is a storehouse of memories and experiences; it is the seat of judgment and reason. In animals it is very small in comparison with the spinal system. Their experiences leave only a faint record upon the tablets of their minds. That they do leave some record is proved by the education that is possible with some of them and by the evidences of memory that are constantly given still the more important.

In man, on the other hand, the higher brain is large and the convolutions that carry the gray matter upon their surface are many and deep, so the thinking part of the brain supplants the unthinking part. The latter in the course of ages has lost its pre-eminence; a man has, by thousands of years of experience, acquired the habit of reflection, of thought; actions that in animals are involuntary have become in him voluntary.

The dog's higher brain is in direct connection with its spinal motor centers, the brain can therefore imitate movements, but these play only a minor role in the animal life and the removal of the cerebrum takes away comparatively little of its conscious functions. It takes away the power of the dog to recognize its master for instance.

In man, however, one function after another has been transferred from the lower nervous system to the high cerebral hemispheres wherein every slightest experience of life writes its indelible record and affects every action and thought. Almost every act of human life has come to involve the will, which means the conscious co-operation of the cerebral cortex. Conversely, the lower nerve centers have lost their power to act independently.

The child without a brain, therefore, was worse off than a dog or a fish or a frog, because the thinking brain plays so little part in the life of these creatures that its loss is not

very serious, while in the human being it is all important, and its loss leaves him dependent upon nervous mechanism that long ago lost its power to control the movements of the body. Hence he is a sort of oyster in human form.

Her Badge.

Mrs. Bradley was an ardent worker in the temperance society which was to meet that afternoon. She dressed hurriedly and came downstairs panting.

"Lizzie," she called to the maid, "run upstairs and get my new temperance badge. I have forgotten it. It has a wide ribbon with gold lettering."

"Sure, Ma'am, I know it well," said Lizzie.

Lizzie could not read, but she knew a ribbon with gold letters when she saw it, and had no trouble in locating it and fastening it on the dress of her mistress. Mrs. Bradley was too busy greeting her friends to note that they smiled broadly when they looked at her.

When the family was assembled at dinner Mrs. Bradley entered and was received with this exclamation: "Goodness, mother, that ribbon! Have you been wearing that at the temperance meeting?"

Mrs. Bradley looked at her badge for the first time. The gold lettering on the ribbon read:

Redfield Poultry Show
First Prize - - Bantam

Experience Comes First.

That age and experience as a rule count for more than youth and enthusiasm is a theme sustained vigorously by the editor of the American Machinist. To illustrate his point he cites the following experience:

"A short time ago we spent a few days in a large machine shop where a man is considered young until he reaches sixty-five or seventy years of age. We met a number who had seen from twenty to forty years of service with this company. When inquiries were made as to their work we were told that it was as good as and often better than that of many younger men in the company's employ."

"In this shop was noticed the absence of waste motion; no 'goose steps' were seen. Often much of the hurry and bustle exhibited by the younger man is useless motion and parade action."

"To the superintendent who looks only at appearances such actions might indicate a live shop, but in fact they do not get anywhere."

A Mere Trifle.

President Hazard, of Wellesley, told the following at a banquet:

"A girl graduate, in taking leave of her dean said, 'Good-bye, Professor, I shall not forget you. I am indebted to you for all I know.'"

"'Oh, I beg of you,' replied the professor, 'don't mention such a trifle.'"

SUMMONS.

In the Justice's Court of First Township, County of San Mateo, State of California.

Annie Ahkman, Plaintiff, vs. L. M. Anderson, Defendant.—C. C. P., Secs. 844-845.

The People of the State of California send Greeting to L. M. Anderson, Defendant.

You are hereby directed to appear before me at my office, at San Bruno in said Township, and answer the complaint in an action entitled as above, brought against you in the Justice's Court of First Township, County of San Mateo, State of California, within five days after the service on you of this summons—if it is served within the city and county, township or city in which this action is brought, but within ten days if it is served out of said township or city but in the county in which the action is brought, and within twenty days if served elsewhere.

And you are hereby notified that unless you appear and answer as above required, the said Plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the complaint, as arising upon contract, or will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand this 26th day of May, 1914.

JOHN F. DAVIS,
Justice of the Peace of said Township.
J. W. Coleberd, Attorney for Plaintiff.
5-30-10t

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The "Duel."

Cyrus Mudge was an Indianian six feet four inches high. Having inherited some means and desiring to see the world, he went abroad. In Paris he met Joel Halsted, a fellow townsman, who introduced him to Jules Labourdier, and he kindly consented to pilot the two Americans among the sights of Paris and vicinity. One day after having visited Versailles the trio returned tired and hungry, and Labourdier led the way to a cafe in the Champs Elysees for dinner.

How these two plain inhabitants of the western world ever secured the services of so elegant a gentleman as Labourdier to show them about is a mystery, though possibly the fact that Mudge paid the bills had something to do with it. Seeing that Mudge was unaccustomed to the tone of high life in Paris, the Frenchman took Halsted apart and told him he feared that his friend might through ignorance put him to blush. But Halsted quieted his fears, and the three continued the sightseeing copartnership.

During the dinner in the cafe in the Champs Elysees a party sat at the next table to Mudge and his friends, one of whom was a dapper gentleman five feet five inches high, with a waxed mustache and imperial, who seemed to be the center of attraction of those with him. When Mudge arose from his chair this gentleman turned to look at him with wondering eyes. When Mudge finally finished going up toward the ceiling the Frenchman exclaimed loud enough for all to hear:

"La tour d'Eiffel!"

Now, Mudge was sensitive on one subject—his height. He knew that the Frenchman had said something detrimental, but, not understanding French, was not aware that he had been compared with the Eiffel tower. He glared at the man who had criticized him, supposing the remark to be more insulting than it really was; then, making one step, covered the distance between himself and his critic and, taking him by the coat collar, held him dangling in the air for a moment, then let him gently down on the floor.

The Frenchman's face was as red as a turkey cock's comb, and his eyes fairly scintillated sparks. Labourdier's countenance was equally expressive, though in a different way.

"What have you done?" he cried to Mudge. "Do you know who that gentleman is?"

"That sawed off chap! Why, I reckon he's a dwarf escaped from a dime museum."

"He is M. Garnier, the best swordsman in France."

"That doesn't make and difference to me. I'm not a soldier."

The outraged Frenchman whipped out a card with his name on it and flung it down on the table before Mudge. Labourdier picked it up and joining the other party, held conversation in French, which his friends did not understand. Presently he returned and said that he had endeavored to explain that Mudge was an American unacquainted with the manners and customs of Europeans and tried to excuse him on that ground. He had finally induced M. Garnier to accept an apology.

"An apology for what?" asked Mudge.

"Mon dieu! For holding him up in the air like a jumping jack."

"Didn't he insult me first?"

"He simply compared you to the Eiffel Tower."

"He did, did he! If I'd known that I wouldn't have let him down so easy."

"Then if you will not apologize you must fight."

"Fight! With that little chap! Why, I'd eat him up in two minutes."

"My dear Mr. Mudge, you do not understand. You must fight him under the code."

"What's the code?"

"Why, he'd challenge you. Therefore you have the choice of weapons—pistols, foils, any weapon you like. You also have the choice of the time and the place of the combat."

"Oh, I have, have I? Well, I choose fists, I to stand on the ground my enemy to fight me through a second story window. I don't want to take advantage of him because he isn't

as tall as I am. He can't help his shortness any more than I can help my longness."

"Monsieur, you do not understand our Parisian customs. You cannot fight with the fists. The code does not allow. The weapons must be something that will kill."

"Mr. Labourdier," Mudge replied, "I consider it my duty under the circumstances to fight this M. Garnier. But since you say that, according to your code, I can choose time, place and weapons, I choose any place in the Seine where the water is exactly five feet five inches deep, the weapons to be pickaxes."

The Frenchman gasped. Then he protested. But Mudge was not to be moved from his position. It complied with the conditions of the code as it had been explained to him. What if it did give him a advantage of a clear sight above water, while his antagonist's eyes were below the surface? Was he not entitled to such advantage?

Since Mudge was ready for a fight to the death, though in a peculiar way. It is needless to say that the duel did not take place.—By Esther Vandever.

FOREST NOTES.

Angora goats have been used with profit to keep fire lines clear of inflammable vegetation on national forests in California.

Last year the fire loss on the Canadian timber reserves was the smallest ever known, only one-fiftieth of one per cent of the area being burned over.

Zentaro Kawase, professor of forestry at the imperial university of Tokio, Japan, has been making a tour of the national forests of this country to learn the government's methods of selling timber and of reforestation.

More than 858,000 young trees are being set out this spring on national forests in Utah and southern Idaho, and the season is reported as particularly favorable to their successful growth.

Armstrong lake, within the Bear-tooth national forest, Montana, is said to rival the famed Lake Louise of the Canadian Rockies. It lies at an elevation of 7000 feet surrounded by towering mountains. A good road which can be traveled in half a day by automobile connects it with the railroad at Billings. A rustic hotel has recently been completed, and many trails make the surrounding region accessible.

Has Collection of Canes.

Dr. Andre has a collection of canes made out of ebony, beetle nut and coconut trees. One cane in particular, the only one of its kind in America, is especially valuable. It was made from the backbone of a snake, and it must have been "some reptile," judging by the size of the cane. The handle is of solid pearl, containing a carving of an ape. He has also a collection of shoes and sandals worn by the natives in China and Japan. One pair of sandals he procured from one of the oldest inhabitants in the island of Guam, situated in mid-Pacific, which the old native had worn for ten years. Dr. Andre states he gave the old man a United States dime for the sandals. He has refused several hundred dollars for the pair.

Dr. Andre has also rare collection of Japanese and Chinese pipes, which are used for tobacco and "rope." He also has several belts, each with a history, worn by the Boxers in their memorable uprising.

There is also in his collection a rare array of bolos and "crease knives," together with an ax carried by one of the head hunters in the Philippines. This ax is stained with human blood.

One of the most valuable collections, as well as the most ancient is that of a Japanese brooch, made of gold, silver and platinum, containing a figure of a Japanese woman together with that of a child, an oak tree in full bloom and a miniature Japanese fan.

"Why, look here," said the merchant who was in need of a boy, "aren't you the same boy who was in here a week ago?"

"Yes, sir," said the applicant.

"I thought so. And didn't I tell you then that I wanted an older boy?"

"Yes, sir. That's why I'm back, I'm older now."

PACKAGES OF FOOD MUST TELL THE TRUTH AS TO CONTENTS

The regulations for the carrying out of the so-called "net-weight law," which compels manufacturers to make a clear statement of the weight, volume, or contents of their packages of food, were signed May 11th, by the Secretaries of the Treasury, Agriculture, and Commerce. These regulations apply to foods shipped in interstate commerce or sold in the District of Columbia or the Territories. The regulations as signed become effective at once, although the law, passed March 3, 1913, as an amendment to the food and drugs act, defers the exacting of penalties for violations until September 3, 1914.

The regulations, in general, require that the manufacturer of foods shall plainly mark all packages, bottles, or other containers holding more than 2 ounces avoirdupois, or more than 1 fluid ounce, to show the net weight or volume of the contents. The measure must be stated in avoirdupois pounds and ounces, United States gallons, quarts, pints, or fluid ounces, United States standard bushels, half bushels, pecks, quarts, pints, or half pints. The contents by a like method may be expressed in terms of metric weight or measure. The volume of liquids must be computed at 68 degrees Fahrenheit.

The quantity stated on the container must represent the actual quantity of food exclusive of wrappings and container.

In general, solids must be stated in terms of weight and liquids in terms of volume, except that where there is a definite trade custom otherwise any marking of the package in terms that are generally understood to express definite quantities will be permitted. The quantity of viscous or semisolid food or of mixtures of solids and liquids may be stated either by weight or measure, but the statement must clearly indicate whether the quantity is expressed in terms of weight or measure.

In the case of certain articles the contents may be stated by numerical count, provided such numerical count gives accurate information as to the quantity of food in the package. Under this requirement it would not be enough to state that a package of candy contained twenty-four peppermints, as candies vary in size, and this would not be a statement of the actual quantity of candy in the package.

The regulations also permit the statement of minimum volume or weight, as "Minimum weight, 12 ounces"; "Minimum volume, 1 gallon"; "Not less than 4 ounces." In such cases the amount stated must approximate the actual quantity. No variations below the stated minimum quantity will be permitted.

The statement of weight or measure must be marked in terms of the largest unit contained in the package; for example, if the package contains a pound and a fraction, the contents must be expressed in terms of pounds and fractions thereof, or pounds and ounces, and not merely in ounces.

Tolerances.

In the packing and bottling of many foods it would be impossible, or else add unnecessarily to cost, for the manufacturer to place an absolutely accurate statement of the amount of the food in every package, and for this reason the regulations permit tolerances or variations in packages where the discrepancies are due exclusively to unavoidable errors in weighing, measuring, or counting which occur in packing conducted in compliance with good commercial practice. This tolerance is allowed in order to permit the use of weighing and measuring machines which, like human operators, can not weigh or measure with absolute accuracy every package. The regulations, however, provide that a run of such packages must show as many cases of over-weight and as much excess as it does cases of under-weight or under-volume.

Similarly in the case of bottles, which can not be blown with absolute accuracy, tolerances are allowed, but with the same proviso that the run of bottles must show as much excess in volume as deficiency in volume. Queer-shaped bottles must not show greater discrepancies than standard round or square bottles of the same capacity. This means that a manufacturer who uses some special bottle or odd shape

can not claim a greater variation because of the difficulty of blowing or manufacturing such a bottle or container.

Because goods shipped from one part of the country to another lose in weight by natural evaporation due to differences of atmospheric conditions or temperature, tolerances will be allowed for such changes. The proper tolerances to be allowed will be determined on the facts in each case, and it is probable that the department will establish tolerances for evaporation for various foods.

Packages containing 2 ounces avoirdupois or 1 fluid ounce of food or less are considered small and are exempted from marking in terms of weight. The reason for this is that providing accurate small battles and accurately measuring their contents in the case of a number of articles sold in small packages for 5 or 10 cents would be prohibitive in cost to the manufacturers and would force them to raise the price for the package or to put less food in it for the same price.—Washington Weekly News Letter.

"Will I have to pay cash for this message?"

ORDER CALLING FOR ELECTION FOR FORMATION OF MILLBRAE SANITARY DISTRICT.

WHEREAS, the petition of twenty-five persons and more, residents and freeholders within the boundaries of the proposed Sanitary District as hereinafter described, was filed with the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California, and was ordered filed with the Clerk of said Board, and the same having been duly filed with the Clerk of said Board as ordered, which said petition reads as follows:

"Pursuant to the requirements as set forth in Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of Act 3349 contained in the General Laws of the State of California, providing for the formation of sanitary districts, we, the undersigned twenty-five or more resident freeholders of Millbrae, County of San Mateo, State of California, hereby submit a petition that an election be called at the place and for the formation of a sanitary district to be known as 'Millbrae Sanitary District, No. 1,' the boundaries of said district to be defined as follows:

All that piece or parcel of land situated in San Mateo County, State of California, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the Southwesterly line of Cypress Avenue, Millbrae, if produced one hundred (100) feet in a Southeasterly direction from the Southeasterly line of Millbrae Avenue, thence Southwesterly and parallel with said Southeasterly line of Millbrae Avenue and distant therefrom one hundred (100) feet four hundred and fifty (450) feet, more or less, thence, at right angles and passing through a sharp angle point in a County road, one thousand and twenty-five (1025) feet, more or less to a point which is one hundred (100) feet from the Southeasterly boundary line of the property known as the Taylor Estate; thence, at right angles and parallel with said property line and distant therefrom one hundred (100) feet seven thousand and six hundred and sixty-five (7665) feet, more or less, to the line of the Tide Land Survey of San Francisco Bay; thence, in a Southerly direction along said Tide Land Survey line, one thousand two hundred and eighty (1280) feet, more or less, to a point which is distant one hundred (100) feet Southeasterly from the Southeasterly line of Millbrae Avenue if produced in a Northeasterly direction; thence, Southwesterly and parallel with said Southeasterly line of Millbrae Avenue and distant therefrom one hundred (100) feet five thousand nine hundred and fifty (5950) feet, more or less, to the point of beginning," said petition having affixed thereto the signature of each of said petitioners, in his own proper handwriting; and

WHEREAS, upon the presentation and filing of said petition said Board of Supervisors proceeded to hear said petition and did thereupon consider the same and call George F. Johnston as a witness to prove the facts set forth in said petition, which said witness being first duly sworn, according to law, deposed and stated that he had read said petition and knew the contents thereof, and that the facts therein stated were true of his own knowledge; that each of said petitioners whose names are affixed to said petition is personally known to him, and that at the time each of said names was affixed to said petition and at the time said petition was presented to this Board each of said petitioners was a resident and freeholder within the proposed sanitary district, as stated in said petition. That each of the signatures attached to said petition has the genuine signature in his own personal handwriting of the petitioner in purports to represent, and that each of said petitioners subscribed his name to said petition in the presence of deponent, the aforesaid witness, and thereupon this Board did and does hereby ascertain, determine and find as a fact that each of said petitioners at the time of the signing of said petition, and at the time said petition was presented to this Board, was a resident and freeholder within the proposed sanitary district, as set forth and described in said petition. That each of said petitioners personally signed said petition, and that all of the facts set forth and stated in said petition are true.

THEREFORE, it is hereby ordered by the Board of Supervisors of San Mateo County, State of California, that a special election be held, and the same is hereby called to be held, within the proposed sanitary district described in the petition aforesaid, said proposed sanitary district being within the County of San Mateo, State of California, and is described as follows, to-wit:—

Beginning at a point on the Southwesterly line of Cypress Avenue, Millbrae, if produced one hundred (100) feet in a Southeasterly direction from the Southeasterly line of Millbrae Avenue, thence Southwesterly and parallel with said Southeasterly line of Millbrae Avenue and distant therefrom one hundred (100) feet four hundred and fifty (450) feet, more or less; thence at right angles and passing through a sharp angle point in a County road, one thousand and twenty-five (1025) feet, more or less to a point which is one hundred (100) feet Northwesterly from the Southeasterly boundary line of the

property known as the Taylor Estate; thence, at right angles and parallel with said property line and distant therefrom one hundred (100) feet seven thousand and six hundred and sixty-five (7665) feet, more or less, to the line of the Tide Land Survey of San Francisco Bay; thence, in a Southerly direction along said Tide Land Survey line, one thousand two hundred and eighty (1280) feet, more or less, to a point which is distant one hundred (100) feet, Southeasterly from the Southeasterly line of Millbrae Avenue if produced in a Northeasterly direction; thence, Southwesterly and parallel with said Southeasterly line of Millbrae Avenue and distant therefrom one hundred (100) feet five thousand nine hundred and fifty (5950) feet, more or less, to the point of beginning.

And at which election it will be submitted to the qualified electors residing within said proposed sanitary district, as set forth within the foregoing boundaries, whether the territory embraced within the foregoing boundaries shall be organized and formed into a sanitary district to be known as Millbrae Sanitary District, No. 1, under the law aforesaid and in the manner set forth in said petition. At such election persons to fill the offices provided for by the aforesaid Act, to-wit, one Sanitary Assessor and five members of the Sanitary Board, shall be voted for. Said election is hereby ordered to be held on Tuesday, June 23d, 1914, and for the purpose of holding said election this Board hereby designates and selects the Millbrae Public School House in Millbrae, said school house being located on the north side of Chadbourne Avenue, four blocks west of the County Road, as the polling place for said election, said place being within the boundaries of said proposed sanitary district. A special election hereby ordered the polls shall be opened at six o'clock in the morning of the day of such election, and must be kept open until seven o'clock in the afternoon of said same day, when the polls shall be closed. The territory embraced within the boundaries herebefore set forth as comprising the proposed sanitary district, is hereby designated and constituted a voting precinct for the purpose of said special election, and for the purpose of conducting said special election there is hereby appointed for said precinct the following named persons to fill the following named offices: Inspector: Levi Raymond Lauer. Judge: G. F. Johnston. Judge: J. M. Johnston.

The manner of voting for or against the formation of said sanitary district and the election of persons to fill the offices of one Sanitary Assessor and five members of the Sanitary Board, shall be as follows, to-wit:

A sufficient number of ballots shall be prepared by the Clerk of this Board, and he is hereby directed to provide same and cause the same to be printed. Said ballots shall contain the words "For a Sanitary District" and against a Sanitary District" as the case may be and the name of D. G. Doubleday for Sanitary Assessor

and the names of the following five persons for members of the Sanitary Board:

E. Green
G. F. Johnston
R. Roberts
R. F. Smith
F. A. McNulty

Such election shall be conducted in accordance with the general election laws of this State, so far as the same shall be practical, except as in the Act herebefore mentioned is otherwise provided, and the acts amendatory thereof and the Clerk of this Board is hereby directed to take all of the steps and perform all of the acts necessary for the holding of said special election, in accordance with the statutes in such case made and provided.

Said election officers before entering upon the discharge of each of their respective duties shall take and subscribe the oath required by law, and immediately after the closing of the polls at such special election they shall proceed to canvass the votes cast at such special election and determine the result of such special election, and thereafter they shall make their report of the result of such special election, in the manner and form required by law, to the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California.

It is further ordered that a copy of this order shall be posted for four successive weeks prior to the election aforesaid in three public places within the proposed sanitary district. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order shall also be published once a week for four successive weeks prior to the date of such election aforesaid in "The Enterprise," a newspaper printed and published in South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, there being no newspaper published within the proposed sanitary district.

On motion the said preamble and order was duly passed by the following vote, to-wit:

Ayes: Supervisors: Jas. T. Casey, John MacBain, D. E. Blackburn and W. H. Brown.

Noes: Supervisors: none.

Absent: Supervisor J. M. Francis.

By order of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California.

JOS. H. NASH,
Clerk of said Board.

5-23-5t

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That I, HARRY GARRITSON PLYMIRE, am transacting business in the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, under the name of SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO GENERAL HOSPITAL, that such business is the carrying on and operating at said place of a general hospital; that I reside at said City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, and that I am the only person interested in said business.

WITNESS my hand this 22d day of May, 1914.

HARRY GARRITSON PLYMIRE.

State of California, County of San Mateo—ss

On this 22d day of May in the year one thousand nine hundred and fourteen before me, F. A. CUNNINGHAM, a Notary Public and for said San Mateo County, residing therein, duly commissioned and sworn, personally appeared HARRY GARRITSON PLYMIRE known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he executed the same.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Official Seal at my office in the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, the day and year in this Certificate first above written.

(Seal) F. A. CUNNINGHAM

Notary Public in and for said San Mateo County, State of California.

Endorsed.

Filed in the office of the County Clerk of San Mateo County, Cal. May 25, 1914.

JOS. H. NASH,
County Clerk.

SAN BRUNO NEWS.

SAN BRUNO METHODIST CHURCH.

Sunday school, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching service, 11 a. m.
Prayer meeting, Thursday, at 8:00 p. m.

Little June Augsberger is reported quite ill.

Mr. McKenna and family of San Francisco have moved to San Bruno. Mr. Jones and family, who have spent several months in Lomita Park, will return to San Jose.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Brown of San Francisco have rented the cottage owned by Mr. McCarty.

Mrs. H. J. Baker Sr. is here from Lake county visiting her sons, Ray and Delmar Maede and friends.

Mrs. William Mueller and children spent the past week visiting Mrs. Mueller's mother in San Francisco.

Mrs. Coriell of third addition left Thursday for San Jose and other nearby points to visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezola of fourth addition are the proud parents of a baby boy. Both mother and babe doing nicely.

Mrs. A. Matthes and Charles Muller of Oakland, cousins of Mrs. L. Pfluger, will spend Sunday in San Bruno.

Mr. and Mrs. Fallett and family of San Jose spent the week-end with Mr. Fallett's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Laumeister of fourth addition.

Mr. and Mrs. Menzer of Lomita Park received a message stating their son, now living in San Francisco is very low with pneumonia and diphtheria.

The Brotherhood of American Yeomen gave another of its whist parties last Tuesday evening. Those present report a fine time and a very interesting game.

Lou Bills, formerly of Lomita Park, but now of Kenosha, Wisconsin, is in the city representing an automobile from Wisconsin. Mrs. Bills accompanied him and is visiting friends in Lomita Park.

Entertainment and social to be given by the Merchants' Association of San Bruno in Green's Hall, Saturday, June 6th. Admission 25 cents. Entertainment at 8:15 p. m. Dancing 10 p. m.

The committee that had charge of the entertainment at the San Bruno M. E. Church on May 22d wish to extend a vote of thanks to all those who so kindly assisted in making the evening's entertainment a decided success.

High class motion pictures at Green's Hall, San Bruno, every Sunday evening and Sunday matinee. Admission, adults 10 cents, children 5 cents. Show at 8:15 p. m., matinee 2:30 p. m.

The wedding bells are still ringing in San Bruno and if all reports are true they will ring for some future time. A Hubner of Huntington Park slipped away several weeks ago and returned with a wife and, strange to say, the news just leaked out. We are getting used to surprises, and now we wonder who will be the next.

For Sale—Building on San Mateo avenue, good location for Bakery. Price \$1400, \$600 down, balance \$10 a month, no interest. Lot faces two streets. Eight-room house and lot. Lots for sale on easy terms. Also lots for sale, nothing down, balance \$5 per month, no interest, no taxes. See L. M. Pfluger. Take San Mateo car and get off at San Bruno crossing.

Adv. t.
Died—In Morgan Hill, May 22d, Grace Pattison Diggles, beloved daughter of Charlotte and the late Henry Diggles and beloved sister of Henry E., Lottie A., Marriette E., Abbie H., and Robert N. Diggles. The funeral services were held Sunday, May 24th, at 2 p. m. from the home at 215 Santa Clara avenue, Lomita Park. Cremation Cypress Lawn Crematory.

The Ladies' Aid Society gave its regular 10 cent Tea last Wednesday afternoon in the church parlors. An interesting program had been prepared by the chairman, Mrs. Bolliger, which all enjoyed. A short business meeting was held at the close and after discussion it was decided to postpone the noon lunch due Wednesday, June 3d, on account of the Sunday school picnic for May 30th.

San Bruno Public School.

Our school closes June 19th with

appropriate graduation exercises for the eighth grade at 8 p. m., also an exhibition of work done by the pupils will be shown at this time. The teachers and pupils have worked hard and are planning to make this a very enjoyable occasion for everybody attending. Superintendent Cloud and other prominent people will be present.

We have 233 pupils enrolled and an average attendance the past month of 213.73. The eighth grade has seventeen members at present.

Miss Gillespie will return from England sometime soon and expects to resume her work when school opens August 3d.

Our picture fund is growing slowly and we earnestly solicit your help to make it a success. Good pictures in the class room are an inspiration to both pupil and teacher.

The following people have contributed up to date: Women's Improvement Club, \$5; Mrs. J. F. O'Connor, \$1; receipts from entertainment, \$3.60; Mrs. Loomis, \$1; Mrs. H. Spalding, \$2; W. Beltramo, \$2.50; San Bruno Lumber Co., \$3.50; Geo. Debenedetti, \$1.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH.

Sunday school, 10:30 a. m.
Epworth League, 6:45 p. m.

The following officers were elected at the recent annual business meeting of the Epworth League: President, Nelson Smith; first vice-president, Miss Ivy Wilkinson; fourth vice-president, Miss Mary Golding; secretary, Miss Constance Bertels; treasurer, Master Willard Sullivan. Mr. Smith is making a vigorous campaign to enlarge the league. The annual League Institute will be held at Mt. Hermon, June 22-28.

Preaching service, 7:30 p. m.
The sermon will be preached by Dr. H. B. Heacock, of Pacific Grove, Cal. A full attendance is desired.

Junior Epworth League, Friday, 3:30 p. m.
Everybody welcome.

The sermon for Sunday, May 24th, 1914. C. N. Bertels, pastor.

Text: "Son of man, can these bones live?" Eze. 31:3.

In one of the Assyrian raids which resulted, finally, in the complete overthrow of Judah, the breaking down of the walls of Jerusalem, and the rising to the ground of Solomon's beautiful temple, Ezekiel, while yet a mere youth, was carried away a captive to Babylon. A few years passed away when he heard the divine call of Jehovah and became the prophet of hope to his enslaved people.

The message of hope which we have before us came to him in the form of a vision. He saw in the spirit, a valley full of bones, very many and very dry, as of a great army fallen in battle, whose bones were left to bleach upon the sands. We are at once reminded of the "plain of Esdraelon," or the "valley of Jezreel," as it is so called. This great triangular valley, located in the northern part of Palestine, is the most historic spot in the land. Here the greatest battles were fought. Here Barak and Deborah defeated the Canaanites. Here Gideon, with his small band of three hundred, routed the hosts of the Midianites. Here the good king Josiah met his defeat and death at the hands of the Egyptians. Here Israel's first king Saul and his son Jonathan met their final fate. Here contended all the great armies of the Oriental world, including the Grecian and the Roman. Ill-fated vale, indeed, and a fitting memory for such a vision as the spirit had to impress upon the prophet.

As Ezekiel looked upon this depressing scene, his heavenly guide put to him the question of the text, "Son of man, can these bones live?" He noted that the bones were very many and that they were very dry, and he dare not risk an answer. His faith was yet too weak. So he said, "O Lord Jehovah, thou knowest." And then he got his commission to "Prophesy over these bones," which he did, and they lived. Jehovah breathed into them the breath of life. And then the Lord revealed to him that this was the "whole House of Israel." Their enemies had laughed at them and derided them in their overthrow and distress, but Jehovah was still their God, and he would deliver them. And he did deliver them. They suffered for their rebellion and sins,

but were chastened in the fires of captivity, and returned in later years to their land, never more to worship any God but Jehovah.

The chief value of these records is not historical but inspirational. Note the figurative character of the entire vision. But may we not find some analogies in our own day, and draw therefrom some lessons which will help us better to live the life of the follower of Christ? There is just as much need for the preacher-prophet as ever there was. In these days of soap-box oratory, there is a crying need for men with a vision and a passion for human betterment to confound these blind leaders of the blind and to guide the people in the paths of wisdom and truth. It is easy for yellow journals and yellow journalists to sneer at men in public office and deride them for their loyalty to the principles of personal righteousness. Some of our dailies have been very voluble in their criticisms of "grape-juice Bryan" and other statesmen of the people. But rather should we be proud of the men whose lives are clean that no evil word can be uttered against them. No other man in all our national history has been subjected to so much criticism and so many and mean thrusts as Abraham Lincoln, the noblest patriot and the greatest man our nation has produced.

I believe that moral captivity is far more deplorable than to be carried away bodily into a foreign land. And it is this sort of captivity that has befallen so large a part of the people of our land to-day. The slavery of sinful pleasures is destroying young and old. Following the program of the world of worldliness is leading society into moral captivity. "Take thine ease, eat, drink and be merry." Selfish ease. Neglect of responsibility to one's neighbor. Commercialism gone mad. Money craziness, with all its contingent oppressions of the poor. Idleness. The enormous problem of the leisure time. The curse of drink. The losses through improvidence. The sin of sloth. All these evils of our modern society are convincing evidence of our need of social resurrection before the universal cry for happiness can ever be satisfied.

"Can these bones live?" They are very dry. There have been many socialistic attempts to solve the social problems all through the past. But all have failed. The prophet points out the only hope of living again. "My Spirit will come upon you." We must have a revival of personal righteousness, of the spirit of brotherhood. The Kingdom of God must be realized among us and within us before we can hope for social peace. Dr. Clow, in his book, "Christ in the Social Order," says, "that according to the teachings of Jesus, all the problems of the better social order are the problems of the better man. The better state does not make the better man, but the better state cannot be organized without the better man." Herbert Spencer said, "There is no political alchemy by which you can get golden conduct out of leaden instincts." And Christ taught that the first imperative is to create golden instincts. Doing unto others as you would that they should do unto you is the golden fruit of the tree of Christian wisdom.

Mrs. Browning says,
"It takes a soul
To move a body: it takes a high-souled man
To move the masses, even to a cleaner sty."

Ah, your Fouriers failed
Because not poets enough to understand
That life develops from within."

Dr. Clow says again, "All our modern theories endeavor to heal our social unrest by a new social order. All these forms of social order attempt to increase the well-being of men by an adjustment of the environment. The root cause of the long succession of failure is that their advocates believe that nothing else is required. To put it simply, they assert that if you will only make the sty a clean comfortable place, the pig will be radically changed in his personal habits."

But, my friends, all human experience teaches us that such a view is untrue. Make the tree good and its fruit will be good. Give men new hearts, new ideals, new hopes, a new motive, and we shall have a new society and our problem will be solved. (Read in this connection Eze. 36: 22-28.)

THE CROCKER ECLIPSE EXPEDITION TO RUSSIA.

Early in June the Crocker Eclipse Expedition will set off for Russia, from the Lick Observatory of the University of California. This well-equipped expedition, which is to observe, near Kiev, Russia, on August 21st, the total eclipse of the sun, has been provided for by a gift of \$5800 by William H. Crocker of San Francisco, a regent of the University of California. The Crocker Eclipse Expedition will be in charge of Director W. W. Campbell of the Lick Observatory and Astronomer Heber D. Curtis will be his associate. The instruments and supplies will be shipped from Mount Hamilton about June 1st and the observers will start about June 10th.

The eclipse occurs on the afternoon of August 21st. The moon, passing between the sun and the earth, will cast a shadow upon the earth some eighty miles in diameter, which will advance continuously across the hemisphere of the earth turned toward the sun. The shadow path will begin at sunrise in the arctic ocean, just off the northern coastline of British Columbia, in longitude 121 degrees. It will pass easterly across Greenland and thence southeasterly over Norway, Sweden, Russia, the Black Sea and Persia, ending at sunset in northwestern India. Theoretically, the observer could station himself at any point on this line. Practically, he selects a point where the sun has a high altitude at the instant of eclipse, where the weather conditions, as indicated by observations in preceding years, are promising, and where the instruments and observers can be transported with reasonable economy. The factor of high solar altitude limits the choice in the present case to Norway, Sweden and Russia. The weather observations of the past indicate definitely that the chances for clear sky improve as one passes from Norway to the Black sea. The conditions are rather unpromising in Norway and Sweden and very favorable in the southern half of Russia.

There will be many expeditions from England, France, Germany, and Russia. The National Observatory of the Argentine Republic will send an expedition, in charge of Director Perrine, formerly a member of the Lick Observatory staff. The Crocker Expedition from the Lick Observatory will be, so far as known, the only one from North America. It would add to the pleasure of the occasion if all the expeditions could locate at one place, but this will not be done. The expeditions will distribute themselves along the path of totality, in order that a local storm or local cloudiness may not render the work of all the expeditions fruitless.

An expedition from London will locate in the city of Kiev; an expedition from the Russian National Observatory has chosen a station thirty or forty miles southeasterly from Kiev; and the Lick Observatory station will be established about fifteen miles east of Kiev, as nearly as possible upon the central line of the shadow path.

It is the policy of the Lick Observatory expeditions to make their own living arrangements, in a completely equipped camp away from centers of population, and this practice will be followed in Russia.

The purpose of all eclipse expeditions is to observe those parts of the sun which cannot be observed except at times of total eclipse, and likewise certain other phenomena of the sun's surroundings which demand a darkened sky. Interest always centers in the solar corona, a magnificent structure extending outwardly in all directions from the spherical body which the world sees every clear day, many of the streamers of the corona having a length equal to three or four diameters of the sun.

Several astronomers have tried to solve the problem of securing coronal observations without eclipses, but they have failed totally, and the future gives no promise of success. The Crocker Expedition, a clear sky permitting, will secure photographs of the coronal on a large scale with a camera forty feet in focal length, and on a small scale with a camera of seventy inches focus. Other photographs of the corona will be made by means of special apparatus designed to test the quality of the light proceeding from the coronal structure; whether this light proceeds from in-

candescent materials in the corona or whether it originates in the sun itself and is reflected or diffracted to us by comparatively cold gases or concrete particles forming the corona. The spectrum of the corona and of the higher strata in the sun's atmosphere will be studied by means of five spectrographs.

It need scarcely be said that the purpose of the observations described is to determine the chemical composition of the corona and of the outer strata of the sun's atmosphere, and the physical conditions existing therein.

In view of the extensive experience of the Lick Observatory in eclipse observation, and before it was determined that an expedition would be dispatched to Russia, the observatory of the University of Berlin requested Director Campbell to make certain observations at the time of the Russian eclipse, in order to test an important point in a prominent modern theory of light. In accordance with this theory, if the rays of light from a star or other source pass close to the sun or other strongly attracting body, these rays of light should be bent from their straight paths by the gravitational action of the disturbing body. Complying with the request of the Berlin Observatory, the Crocker Expedition will attempt to secure photographs of the stars in the region of sky occupied by the sun (but immensely farther away from us than the sun), by means of four cameras of eleven feet focus. These instruments, mounted at the Lick Observatory, have already secured photographs of the stars in the region of sky which the sun will occupy on August 21st. The photographs of the same stars with the eclipsed sun in their midst, which it is hoped to secure in Russia, will be compared with the photographs obtained at Mount Hamilton. If the angular distances between the stars on the two sets of photographs are unchanged by the action of the sun's gravitation, the theory of light referred to will be thrown into very serious doubt. If the angular distances between the stars are changed as the theory demands, the result will be of surpassing interest to physicists as well as to astronomers.

It is scarcely necessary to say that an eclipse expedition is not a pleasure trip. The eclipse is due to occur at a certain second. The dozen instruments must be so carefully mounted and adjusted during the preceding month and the fifteen assistants must be so thoroughly trained to their duties in the preceding week, that each instrument and each observer will accomplish at given seconds through totality what the program demands.

The partial phase of the Russian eclipse will be visible through a wide region, but not at all in California. When the total phase is occurring at Kiev the corresponding time in California will be 4:45 on the morning of August 21st.

FIELD MEET AND FOLK DANCING.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Broad jump—1, John Mirata; 2, Joseph Welte.

Seventh and Eighth Grades—Relay—1, James Fee and Herman Lauchere; 2, Byrne McSweeney and Ralph Woodman.

50 yard dash—1, James Fee; 2, Pete Bernardo.

High jump—1, Joe Fischer; 2, Leo Bonalanza.

Broad jump—1, Pete Bernardo; 2, Manuel DeLemos.

GRACE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Grace Church (Episcopal) Grand and Spruce avenues, South San Francisco.

Whitsun-Day, May 31st, there will be a Celebration of the Holy Communion at 10:45 a. m. This is a "Day of Obligation" when all Communicants are expected to receive the Holy Communion. A cordial invitation is extended to all to join in the celebration of this anniversary of the outpouring of the Holy Spirit upon the waiting Apostles ten days after our Blessed Lord's Ascension.

F. H. Church, Pastor.

ROY W. CLOUD FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

Roy W. Cloud, present county superintendent of schools, is an aspirant for re-election. His announcement appears in another column.